archetype	a symbol, story pattern, or character type that is found in the literature of many cultures (Example: Children of opposite qualities born of the same parents)
omniscient	when the narrator knows what is happening to every character, all- knowing
oxymoron	a figure of speech that combines opposite or contradictory terms in a brief phrase
paradox	a statement or proposition that seems self-contradictory or absurd but in reality expresses a possible truth
pathetic fallacy	the attribution of human emotions or characteristics to inanimate objects or to nature (Example: angry clouds; a cruel wind)
standard English	the version of the English language that is regarded as the model in America for writers and speakers who are considered educated
stereotype	a generalized belief about a group of people
symbolize	when an object or event represents or stands for something
syntax	language rules that govern how words can be combined to form meaningful phrases and sentences